

Your solution may be handwritten. Use regular sized sheets of paper, stapled together.

Do not forget to write your name on page 1.

1. (1 point) Let $G = \{e, x_1, \dots, x_{r-1}\}$ be an abelian group such that $r = \#G$ is an odd integer. Prove that

$$x_1 \cdot \dots \cdot x_{r-1} = e.$$

Hint: Prove first that $x_1 \cdot \dots \cdot x_{r-1}$ is its own inverse. Carefully explain your reasoning.

2.

(a) (1 point) Find the right cosets of the subgroup $H = \{(0, 0), (1, 0), (2, 0)\}$ in $\mathbb{Z}_3 \times \mathbb{Z}_3$.

(b) (1 point) Find the right cosets of the subgroup $H = \{(0, 0), (0, 2)\}$ in $\mathbb{Z}_3 \times \mathbb{Z}_4$.

3. (2 points) Prove that $(\mathbb{Q}, +)/(\mathbb{Z}, +)$ is an infinite group such that each of its elements has finite order.

4. (1 point) Let G be a group and let H, K be two normal subgroups of G with $H \cap K = \{e\}$. Prove that for $x \in H$ and $y \in K$, $xy = yx$ holds.

5. (2 points) Let G be a group and let N a normal subgroup of G . Let H be a subgroup of G . Set $NH = \{nh \mid n \in N, h \in H\}$. Prove that NH is a subgroup of G .

6. A subgroup H of a group G is characteristic if $\varphi(H) \subseteq H$ for every automorphism φ of G .

(a) (1 point) Prove that every characteristic subgroup is normal.

(b) (1 point) Prove that the converse of (a) is false.