

Lab 01 / 12

④

$$x(t) = 11 - \sin t \quad y(t) = \cos t$$

$$\sin t = 11 - x$$

$$\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} (11-x)^2 + y^2 = 1 \\ x^2 - 22x + 121 + y^2 = 1 \\ x^2 - 22y + y^2 = -120 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (-x+11)^2 + y^2 = 1 & 11-x = -(x-11) \\ (-11^2(x-11)^2 + y^2 = 1 \\ (x-11)^2 + y^2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

⑤

$$x(t) = 3 - 2\sin t \quad y(t) = 5 + 3\cos t$$

$$\sin t = \frac{3-x}{2} \quad \cos t = \frac{y-5}{3}$$

$$\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{3-x}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y-5}{3}\right)^2 = 1$$

$$\left(-\frac{x-3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y-5}{3}\right)^2 = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{x-3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y-5}{3}\right)^2 = 1$$

$$x(t) = 3 - 2\sin t \quad y(t) = 5 + 3\cos t$$

Find eqn of tangent line at $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$

$$x\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 3 - 2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 3 - 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 3 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$y\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 5 + 3\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 3 + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$(3 - \sqrt{3}, \frac{9}{2})$$

$$x'(t) = -2\cos t$$

$$y'(t) = -3\sin t$$

$$\begin{aligned} x'\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) &= -2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y'\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) &= -3 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ &= -\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$M = \left. \frac{y'(t)}{x'(t)} \right|_{t=\frac{\pi}{3}} = \frac{-\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-1} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$y - \frac{9}{2} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} (x - (3 - \sqrt{3}))$$

$$2y - 9 = 3\sqrt{3} (x - (3 - \sqrt{3}))$$

Horizontal asymptote

$$t \in [0, 2\pi)$$

$$y'(t) = 0$$

$$\& \quad x'(t) \neq 0$$

$$-3\sin t = 0$$

$$x'(t) = -2\cos t$$

$$\sin t = 0$$

$$t=0 \quad x'(t) = -2 \neq 0$$

$$t=\pi \quad x'(t) = 2 \neq 0$$

$$x(0) = 3 - 2\sin 0 = 3 \quad x(\pi) = 3 \quad (3, 8)$$

$$y(0) = 5 + 3\cos 0 = 8 \quad y(\pi) = 2 \quad (3, 2)$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad r = 20 - 10 \sin \theta \quad \text{at } \theta = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}x &= r \cos \theta = (20 - 10 \sin \theta) \cos \theta \\&= 20 \cos \theta - 10 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\&= 20 \cos \theta - 5(2 \sin \theta \cos \theta) \\&= 20 \cos \theta - 5 \sin 2\theta\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y &= r \sin \theta = (20 - 10 \sin \theta) \sin \theta \\&= 20 \sin \theta - 10 \sin^2 \theta\end{aligned}$$

$$x'(\theta) = -20 \sin \theta - 10 \cos \theta$$

$$y'(\theta) = 20 \cos \theta - 20 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$x'(0) = -10 \quad y'(0) = 20$$

$$m = \frac{20}{-10} = -2 \quad x(0) = 20 \\y(0) = 0$$

$$y - 0 = -2(x - 20)$$

$$y = -2x + 40 \Rightarrow y + 2x = 40$$

$$\textcircled{*} \quad r = 5 \cos 2\theta \quad \theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$x(\theta) = r \cos \theta = 5 \cos 2\theta \cos \theta$$

$$y(\theta) = r \sin \theta = 5 \cos 2\theta \sin \theta$$

$$x'(\theta) = -10 \sin 2\theta \cos \theta - 5 \cos 2\theta \sin \theta$$

$$y'(\theta) = -10 \sin \theta \sin \theta + 5 \cos 2\theta \cos \theta$$

$$x'(\frac{\pi}{2}) = -5(-1)(1) = 5$$

$$y'(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 5(-1)(0) = 0$$

$$m = \frac{y'}{x'} \rightarrow 0$$

$$x(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0 \quad y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 5(-1) \cdot 1 = -5$$

$$y - (-5) = 0(x-0) \Rightarrow y = -5$$

$$\textcircled{*} \quad x(t) = 2 \cos t \quad y(t) = 2 \sin(2t)$$

$$x'(t) = -2 \sin t \quad y'(t) = -4 \cos 2t$$

$$y'(t) = 0 \Rightarrow \cos 2t = 0 \quad \cos x = 0$$

$$2t = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$t = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad x(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2} \quad y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 2$$

$$t = \frac{3\pi}{4} \quad x(\frac{3\pi}{4}) = -\sqrt{2} \quad y(\frac{3\pi}{4}) = 2 \sin(\frac{3\pi}{2}) = -2$$

$$t = \frac{5\pi}{4} \quad x(\frac{5\pi}{4}) = -\sqrt{2} \quad y(\frac{5\pi}{4}) = 2$$

$$t = \frac{7\pi}{4} \quad x(\frac{7\pi}{4}) = \sqrt{2} \quad y(\frac{7\pi}{4}) = -2$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad x(t) = e^t \quad y(t) = 8 - e^{2t}$$

$$y(t) = 8 - (e^t)^2$$

$$y = 8 - x^2$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad x(t) = \cos^3 2t \quad y(t) = \sin^3 2t \quad t = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$x'(t) = -3 \cos^2 2t \cdot 2 \sin 2t \quad y'(t) = 3 \sin^2 2t \cdot 2 \cos 2t$$

$$x'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = -6 \left(\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \right) \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \quad y'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = 6 \left(\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \right) \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$= -6 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad = 6 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= -6 \frac{1}{4} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = -\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} \quad = 6^3 \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{9}{4}$$

$$m = \frac{-\frac{9}{4}}{-\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad r = 4 \sin 2\theta \quad r = 4 \sin \theta$$

$$4 \sin 2\theta = 4 \sin \theta$$

$$\sin 2\theta - \sin \theta = 0$$

$$2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - \sin \theta = 0$$

$$\sin \theta (2 \cos \theta - 1) = 0$$

$$\sin \theta = 0 \quad 2 \cos \theta - 1 = 0$$

$$\theta = 0, \pi, 2\pi, \dots$$

$$\text{or } \theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

$$\theta = \frac{4\pi}{3} \quad \boxed{(0,0)}$$

$$y = 4 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$= 4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$(\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3})$$

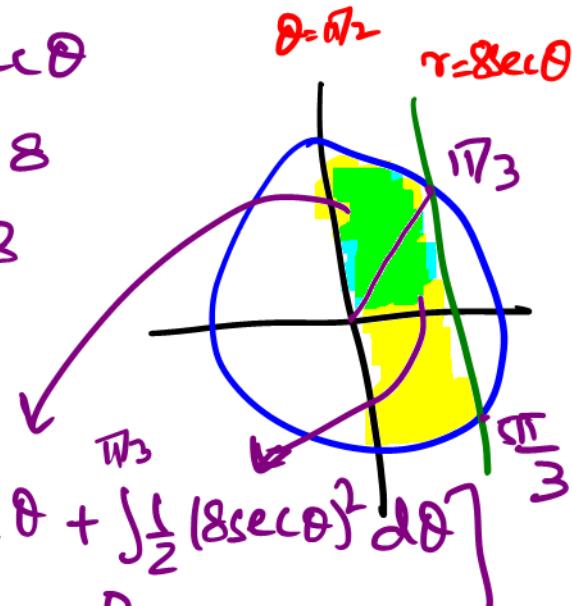
$$\begin{aligned} x &= r \cos \theta & \theta &= \frac{\pi}{3} \\ &= 4 \sin \theta \cos \theta & &= 4 \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \cos \frac{\pi}{3} \\ &= 4 \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \cos \frac{\pi}{3} & &= 4 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

* $x = x(t) \quad y = y(t)$
 $f(x) = x^8 + 5x^2 - 5$ $(2, -5) \quad (4, 5)$

$y = f(x)$
 $y(t) = f(t)$
 $x(t) = t$ $y(t) = t^8 + 5t^2 - 5$
 $t \in [2, 4]$

* $r = 16 \quad \theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ $r = 8 \sec \theta$ $\theta = 6\pi/2 \quad r = 8 \sec \theta$

$r \cos \theta = 8$
 $x = 8$



$16 = 8 \sec \theta$
 $\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}$
 $\theta = \pi/3, \frac{5\pi}{3}$

$2 \left[\int_{\pi/3}^{\pi/2} \frac{1}{2} (16)^2 d\theta + \int_0^{\pi/3} \frac{1}{2} (8 \sec \theta)^2 d\theta \right]$

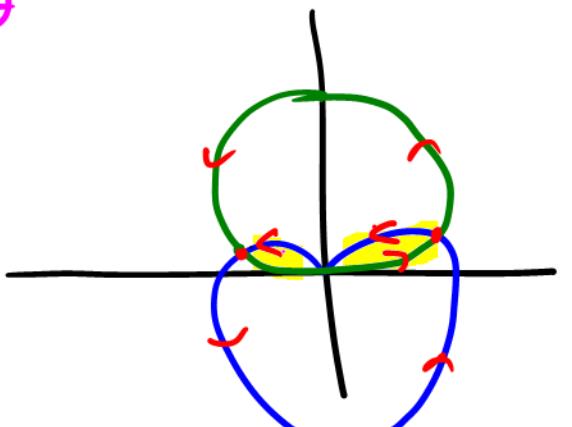
$$*\quad r = 3 - 3 \sin \theta \quad r = 3 \sin \theta$$

$$3 - 3 \sin \theta = 3 \sin \theta$$

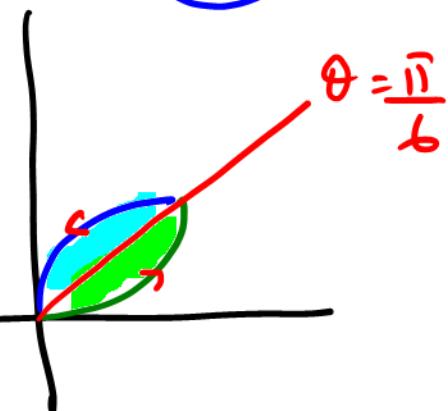
$$3 = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{6} > \frac{5\pi}{6}$$



$$2 \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/6} (3 \sin \theta)^2 d\theta + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} (3 - 3 \sin \theta)^2 d\theta \right]$$



$$*\quad x(t) = t^2 \quad y(t) = t^3 \quad t \in [0, 3]$$

$$(x(t), y(t)) = (t^2, t^3)$$

$$v(t) = (2t, 3t^2) \quad \|v(t)\| = \sqrt{(2t)^2 + (3t^2)^2} \\ = \sqrt{4t^2 + 9t^4}$$

$$\text{Initial vel } t=0 \quad \|v(0)\| = \sqrt{4 \cdot 0 + 9 \cdot 0} = 0$$

$$\text{Term vel } t=3 \quad \|v(3)\| = \sqrt{4 \cdot 9 + 9 \cdot 81} = \sqrt{765}$$

$$\int_0^3 \sqrt{4t^2 + 9t^4} dt = \int_0^3 \sqrt{t^2(4 + 9t^2)} dt = \int_0^3 t \sqrt{4 + 9t^2} dt$$

$$\int t \sqrt{4+9t^2} dt = \frac{1}{18} \int \sqrt{u} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{18} \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C = \frac{(4+9t^2)^{3/2}}{27} + C$$

$$u = 4 + 9t^2 \\ du = 18t dt$$

$$\textcircled{X} \quad x(t) = 3e^t \sin t \quad y(t) = 3e^t \cos t$$

$$x'(t) = 3e^t \sin t + 3e^t \cos t = 3e^t (\sin t + \cos t)$$

$$y'(t) = 3e^t \cos t - 3e^t \sin t = 3e^t (\cos t - \sin t)$$

$$\|v(t)\| = \sqrt{(x'(t))^2 + (y'(t))^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{9e^{2t}(\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t + 2 \sin t \cos t)}$$

$$+ 9e^{2t}(\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t - 2 \sin t \cos t)$$

$$= \sqrt{9e^{2t}(2(\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t))}$$

$$= 3e^t \sqrt{2} \quad t \in [0, \pi]$$

$$\text{Initial} = 3\sqrt{2} \quad \text{Final} = 3e^\pi \sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{Dis} = \int_0^\pi 3\sqrt{2} e^t dt = 3\sqrt{2} e^t \Big|_0^\pi = 3\sqrt{2}(e^\pi - 1)$$

$$\textcircled{X} \quad x(t) = 11 \cos t \quad y(t) = 11 \sin 2t \quad \text{Hor tan.}$$

$$y'(t) = 22 \cos 2t$$

$$y'(t) > 0 \Rightarrow \cos 2t > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2t = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{*} \quad x = x(t) \quad y = y(t) \quad t \in [0, 1] \quad (-8, -2) \quad (x_0, y_0)$$
$$(-5, 8) \quad (x_1, y_1)$$

$$x(t) = -8 + t(5 - (-8))$$

$$y(t) = -2 + t(8 - (-2))$$

$$x(t) = -8 + 13t \quad y(t) = -2 + 10t$$

line segment $t \in [0, 1]$

line $t \in (-\infty, \infty)$