

HW #10

Please, write clearly and justify all your steps, to get proper credit for your work.

(1)[4 Pts] In comparing the times until failure (in hours) of two different types of light bulbs, we obtain the sample characteristics  $n_1 = 45$ ,  $\bar{x} = 984$ ,  $s_x^2 = 8,742$  and  $n_2 = 52$ ,  $\bar{y} = 1,121$ ,  $s_x^2 = 9,411$ . Find an approximate 90% confidence interval for the difference of the two population means.

(2)[4 Pts] We need to estimate the average of a population and from measurements on similar populations we estimate that  $s^2 = 8$ . Find the sample size  $n$  such that we are 90 percent confident that the estimate of  $\bar{x}$  is within  $\pm 1$  unit of the true mean  $\mu$ .

(3)[4 Pts] Let  $\mu$  be the mileage of a certain brand of tire. A sample of  $n = 24$  tires is taken at random, resulting in  $\bar{x} = 32,132$ ,  $s_x^2 = 2,596$ . Find a 99 percent confidence interval for  $\mu$ .

(4)[4 Pts] Two rubber compounds were tested for tensile strength and the following values were found

$A : 32, 30, 33, 32, 29, 34, 32$

$B : 33, 35, 36, 37, 35$

Find a 95% confidence interval for the difference of the two population means.

(5)[4 Pts] One tire manufacturer found that after 5,000 miles,  $y = 32$  out of  $n = 200$  tires of a certain brand selected at random were defective. Find an approximate 99% confidence interval for  $p$ , the proportion of defective tires in the entire population.