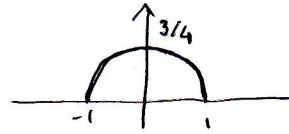


TEST #3

SOLUTION

①  $f(x) = \frac{3}{4}(1-x^2) \quad -1 \leq x \leq 1$



(a)  $E[\bar{X}] = \int_{-1}^1 x f(x) dx = 0$  since integral of odd function over symmetric interval

$\sigma^2 = E[(\bar{X} - \mu)^2] = E[\bar{X}^2] = \int_{-1}^1 x^2 f(x) dx = 2 \int_0^1 \frac{3}{4}(x^2 - x^4) dx = \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^5}{5} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{5}$

~~(b)  $\int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx = 0.5$  Since  $\int_{-1}^0 f(x) dx = \int_0^1 f(x) dx$ , then  $\int_{-1}^0 f(x) dx = 0.25$~~

(b)  $\int_0^{1/2} f(x) dx = \frac{3}{4} \int_0^{1/2} (1-x^2) dx = \frac{3}{4} \left( x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^{1/2} = \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{24} \right) = \frac{33}{96} = \frac{11}{32} \approx 0.344$

②  $n=27 \quad \mu_{\bar{X}} = \mu_{\bar{Y}} = 3 \quad \sigma_{\bar{X}}^2 = \frac{36}{12} = 3 \quad \sigma_{\bar{Y}}^2 = \frac{3}{27} = 1/9 \Rightarrow \sigma_{\bar{Y}} = 1/3$

$P(2.7 < \bar{X} < 3.2) = P\left(\frac{2.7-3}{1/3} < Z < \frac{3.2-3}{1/3}\right) = P(-0.9 < Z < 0.6) = \Phi(0.6) - \Phi(-0.9)$   
 $= 0.7257 - 0.1841 = 0.5416$

③  $\mu_A = 32, s_A^2 = 1.67, \mu_B = 35, s_B^2 = 2$

$s_p^2 = \frac{6 \cdot (1.67) + 5 \cdot 2}{11} = 1.82 \quad s_p = 1.35$

NOTE  $s^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2$

99% confidence interval  ~~$t(0.005; r=11) = 3.106$~~   $t(0.005; r=11) = 3.106$

$(32-35) \pm 3.106 \cdot 1.35 \sqrt{\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{6}} = -3 \pm 2.383 = [-5.383, -0.617]$

④  $\frac{y_1}{n_1} = \frac{63}{91} = 0.692 \quad \frac{y_2}{n_2} = \frac{42}{79} = 0.532 \quad 90\% \Rightarrow \alpha = 0.1 \quad z(0.05) = 1.645$

INTERVAL:  $(0.692 - 0.532) \pm 1.645 \sqrt{\frac{0.692 \cdot 0.308}{91} + \frac{0.532 \cdot 0.468}{79}} = [0.038, 0.282]$

⑤ 95% confidence interval  $\alpha = 0.05 \Rightarrow z(0.025) = 1.960 \quad h = 0.03$

$n = p(1-p) \left[ \frac{z(0.025)}{h} \right]^2 = \frac{1}{4} \frac{(1.96)^2}{(0.03)^2} = 1067.11$

$\rightarrow$  choose  $n = 1068$