

REVIEW QUIZ #2

2.3-5

x	0	1	2	3
$f(x)$	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1

$$\mu = \sum_{x=0}^3 x f(x) = 1.3$$

$$\sigma^2 = E[X^2] - \mu^2 = \sum_{x=0}^3 x^2 f(x) - (1.3)^2 = 2.5 - 1.69 = 0.81$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\sigma^2} = 0.9$$

2.3-6

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{30} \quad x=1,2,3,4$$

$$\text{let } u(x) = (4-x)^3$$

$$E[u(X)] = E[(4-X)^3] = \sum_{x=1}^4 (4-x)^3 \frac{x^2}{30} = 3 \cdot \frac{1}{30} + 2 \cdot \frac{4}{30} + \frac{9}{30} = \boxed{\frac{34}{15}}$$

2.4.3

$$P(\text{High-quality exist}) = 0.10 = p \quad (\text{success})$$

$$q = 1-p = 0.90$$

$$P(\text{at least one success}) = 1 - P(\text{all failures}) = 1 - q^n \quad (n \text{ trials})$$

$$\text{want } 1 - q^n \geq 0.9 \Rightarrow 1 - (0.90)^n \geq 0.9 \Rightarrow 0.1 \geq (0.9)^n$$

$$\Rightarrow n \geq \frac{\log 0.1}{\log 0.9} = 21.8$$

2.4.4

$$P(\text{roof leaks}) = 0.10 = p$$

let \mathbb{I} = # of roofs leaking in 6 buildings

$$\mathbb{I} \sim b(n=6, p=0.1)$$

$$(a) P(\mathbb{I} \geq 2) = 1 - P(\mathbb{I} \leq 1) = 1 - \sum_{y=0}^1 \binom{6}{y} (0.1)^y (0.9)^{6-y} = 0.1143$$

$$\mathbb{I} \sim b(n=81, p=0.1)$$

$$(b) \text{ Money to pay is } U = 100 \mathbb{I}$$

$$\mu_U = 100 \mu_{\mathbb{I}} = 100 \cdot 81 \cdot 0.1 = 810$$

$$\sigma_U^2 = (100)^2 \sigma_{\mathbb{I}}^2 = (100)^2 \cdot 81 \cdot 0.1 \cdot 0.9 = 72,900 \Rightarrow \sigma_U = 270$$

2.4.8

$$P(\text{fish is tagged}) = \frac{4}{10} = p$$

\mathbb{I} = # of tagged fishes

$$(a) P(2 \text{ of } 3 \text{ fishes are tagged}) = P(\mathbb{I} = 2) = \binom{3}{2} p^2 (1-p)^{3-2}$$

$$(b) P(\mathbb{I} \leq 2) = \sum_{y=0}^2 \binom{3}{y} p^y (1-p)^{3-y}$$

2.4-9

100 defective items in 2000 items

$n=10$ is taken

→ hypergeometric PDF

(a) W : # of defective items

$$P(W \leq 2) = \sum_{k=0}^2 \frac{\binom{100}{k} \binom{1900}{10-k}}{\binom{2000}{10}} = 0.9887$$

(b) binomial approx

$$p = \frac{100}{2000} = 0.05$$

$$\sum_{w=0}^2 \binom{10}{w} (0.05)^w (0.95)^{10-w} = 0.9885$$

2.5-1

Poisson approx $\lambda = np = 100 \cdot 0.04 = 4$

(a) $P(X=0) = P(X \leq 0) = 0.018$

(b) $P(X=4) = F(4) - F(3) = 0.629 - 0.433 = 0.196$

(c) $P(X > 5) = 1 - F(5) = 1 - 0.785 = 0.215$

2.5-3

X = # incoming calls → Poisson PDF with $\lambda = 5$

$$P(X > 10) = 1 - F(10) = 1 - 0.9863 = 0.0137$$

2.5-4

X = # plates shut down → Poisson PDF with $\lambda = 2$

(a) $P(X > 3) = 1 - F(3) = 0.143$

(b) $P(X \geq 1) = 1 - F(0) = 1 - e^{-2} = 0.865$

(c) $E(\text{loss}) = E(1000X) = 1000 \cdot 2 = 2000$

2.6-9

~~$x=1, 2, 3$~~ $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}$ $x=1, 2, 3$

(a) $\mu_X = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{3} = 2$ $\sigma_X^2 = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{3} + \frac{9}{3} - 4 = \frac{2}{3}$

$Y = X_1 + X_2$ $\mu_Y = \mu_{X_1} + \mu_{X_2} = 4$

$\sigma_Y^2 = \sigma_{X_1}^2 + \sigma_{X_2}^2 + 2\sigma_{X_1 X_2} = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$

↑ = 0 no dependence

$X_1 \backslash X_2$	1	2	3
1	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$
2	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$
3	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$

(b) $Y = X_1 + X_2$ $R = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$

$P(Y=2) = P(X_1=1, X_2=1) = \frac{1}{9}$ $P(Y=3) = P((1,2) \cup (2,1)) = \frac{2}{9}$

$P(Y=4) = P((2,2)) = \frac{3}{9}$ $P(Y=5) = P((2,3) \cup (3,2)) = \frac{2}{9}$ $P(Y=6) = P(3,3) = \frac{1}{9}$

$n(1,3)$

$n(3,1)$

$\mu_Y = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{9} + 3 \cdot \frac{2}{9} + 4 \cdot \frac{3}{9} + 5 \cdot \frac{2}{9} + 6 \cdot \frac{1}{9} = 4$

$\sigma_Y^2 = 4/3$