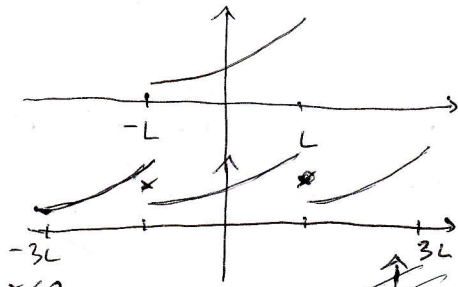


HW #4

SOLUTIONS

3.2.1

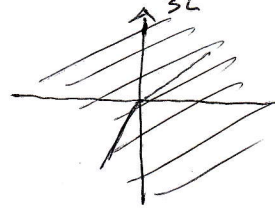
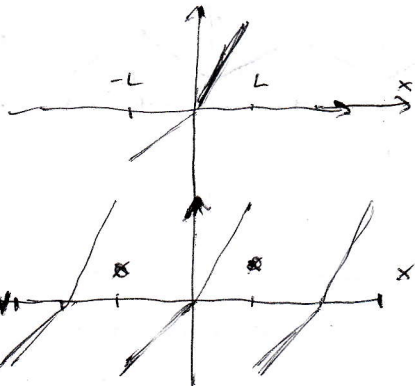
(d) $f(x) = e^x$



$f(x) = F(F)(x) \quad \forall x \in (-L, L)$

The Fourier series does NOT converge to f at $x = \pm L$

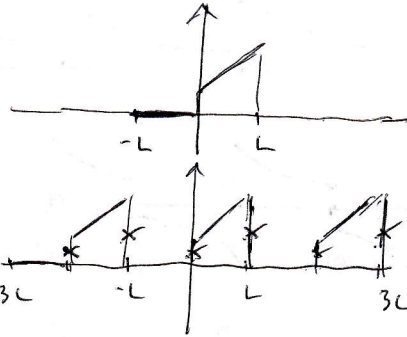
(e) $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & x < 0 \\ 2x & x > 0 \end{cases}$



$f(x) = F(F)(x) \quad \forall x \in (-L, L)$

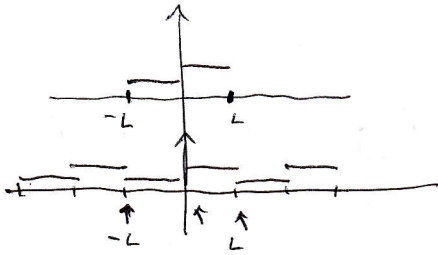
The Fourier series does NOT converge to f at $x = \pm L$

(f) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1+x & x > 0 \end{cases}$



The Fourier series does NOT converge to f at $x = -L, 0, L$
It converges elsewhere on $(-L, 0) \cup (0, L)$

(g) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x < 0 \\ 2 & x > 0 \end{cases}$



The Fourier series does NOT converge to f at $x = -L, 0, L$.

It converges to f on $(-L, 0) \cup (0, L)$

3.2.2 (d)

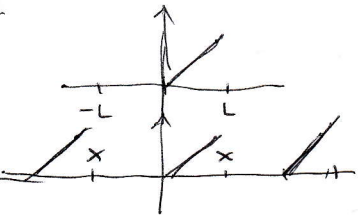
$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ x & x > 0 \end{cases}$

$a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \int_0^L x \, dx = \frac{1}{2L} \cdot \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^L = \frac{L}{4}$

$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L x \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} \, dx = \frac{1}{L} \left[\frac{L}{n\pi} x \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L - \frac{L}{n\pi} \int_0^L \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \, dx \right]$
 $= \frac{1}{L} \left(\frac{L^2}{(n\pi)^2} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L \right) = \frac{L}{(n\pi)^2} (\cos n\pi - 1) = \frac{L}{(n\pi)^2} ((-1)^n - 1)$

$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L x \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \, dx = \frac{1}{L} \left[-\frac{L}{n\pi} x \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L + \frac{L}{n\pi} \int_0^L \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} \, dx \right]$
 $= \frac{1}{L} \left(-\frac{L^2}{n\pi} \cos n\pi + \frac{L^2}{(n\pi)^2} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L \right) = -\frac{L}{n\pi} (-1)^n = \frac{L}{n\pi} (-1)^{n+1}$

$f(x) \sim a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$

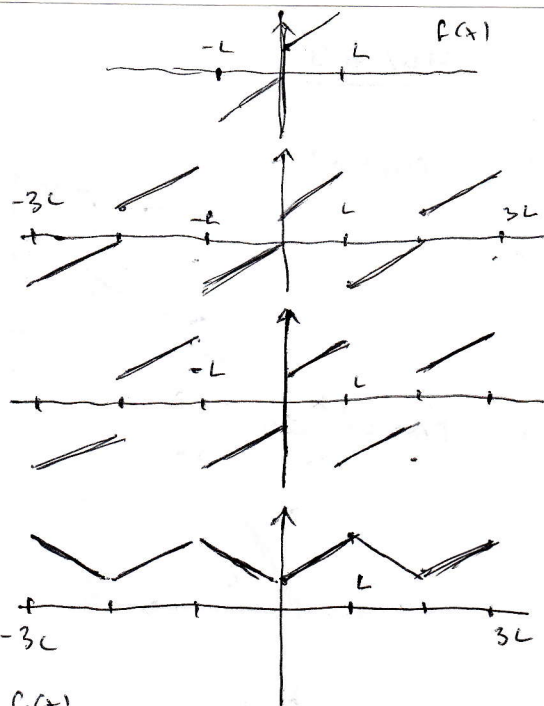


↑
Fourier series does NOT converge to f at $x = \pm L$

3.3.1

(c)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & x < 0 \\ 1+x & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

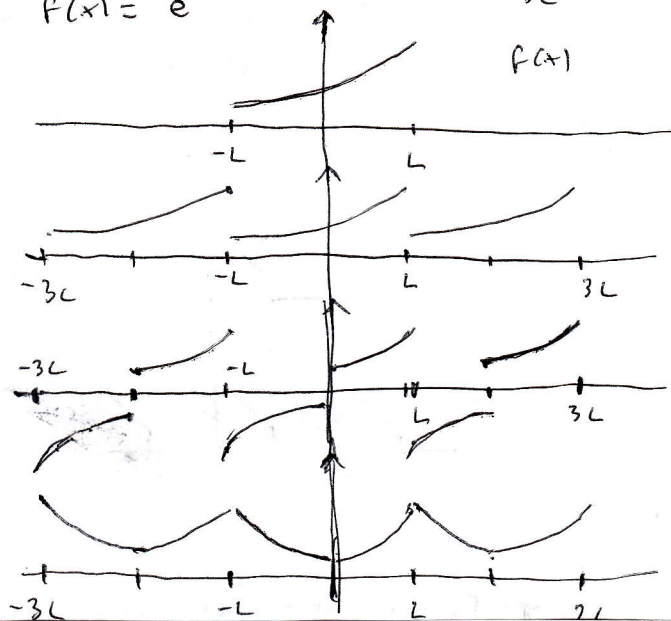


FOURIER SERIES

SINE SERIES

COSINE SERIES

(d) $f(x) = e^x$



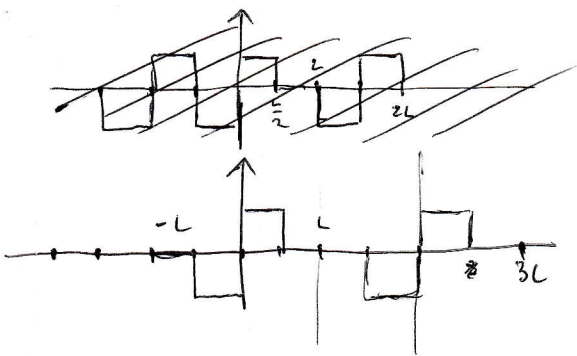
FOURIER SERIES

SINE SERIES

COSINE SERIES

3.3.2 (d)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x < \frac{L}{2} \\ 0 & x > \frac{L}{2} \end{cases}$$



Sine series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^{L/2} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} = \frac{2}{L} \left(-\frac{L}{n\pi} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} \right) \Big|_0^{L/2} = \frac{2}{n\pi} \left(1 - \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \right)$$