

**TEST #1 - version 1**

Please, show your work, justify every step and write legibly. When you are done, scan, save the file as LASTNAME\_FIRSTNAME\_T1.pdf and email to [dlabate@math.uh.edu](mailto:dlabate@math.uh.edu) or [dlabate@uh.edu](mailto:dlabate@uh.edu).

NOTE: You need to send your email before 11:30AM on Feb 25 to receive credit.

(1)[4 Pts]

(a) Let  $V = \mathbb{R}^3$  and consider the subspace  $V_0 \subset V$  given by

$$V_0 = \text{span} \{(1, -1, 1)\}.$$

Find the orthogonal complement  $V_0^\perp$  of  $V_0$  in  $V$  and find an orthonormal basis of the space  $V_0^\perp$ .

(b) Let  $V = \mathbb{R}^4$  and consider the subspace  $V_1 \subset V$  given by

$$V_1 = \text{span} \{(1, -1, 1, 0)\}.$$

Find the orthogonal complement  $V_1^\perp$  of  $V_1$  in  $V$  and find an orthonormal basis of the space  $V_1^\perp$ . [Hint: Use part (a)]

(2)[4 Pts] Consider the inner product space  $V = L^2([-\pi, \pi])$  with the standard inner product. Compute the orthogonal projection of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & \text{if } -\pi \leq x < 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

onto the subspace  $V_0 = \text{span} \{1, \sin x, \cos x, \sin 2x, \cos 2x\} \subset L^2([-\pi, \pi])$ .

[Hint: It may be useful to use even and odd properties.]

(3)[5 Pts] Consider the sequence of functions  $(f_n) \subset L^2([0, 1])$  defined by

$$f_n(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - (nx)^2 & 0 \leq x < \frac{1}{n} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

(a) Sketch the graph of  $f_n(x)$  for  $n = 1, 2, 3$ .

(b) Prove that the sequence  $(f_n)$  converges to the function  $f(x) = 0$ ,  $x \in [0, 1]$ , in the  $L^2$  norm.

(c) Show that the sequence  $(f_n(x))$  does not converge pointwise to the functions  $f(x) = 0$ ,  $x \in [0, 1]$  [Hint: consider the point  $x = 0$ ]