

Math 3331 Differential Equations

2.8 Dependence of Solutions on Initial Conditions

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2.8 Dependence of Solutions on Initial Conditions

- Continuity with respect to Initial Conditions
- Sensitivity to Initial Conditions



Dependence of Solutions on Initial Conditions

- Q1. **Continuity of the solution with respect to initial data:** Can we ensure that the solution with incorrect initial data is close enough to the real solution that we can use it to predict behavior?
- Q2. **Sensitivity to initial conditions:** Given that we have an error in the initial conditions, just how far from the true solution can the solution be?



Theorem 7.15

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Suppose the function $f(t, x)$ and its partial derivative $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ are both continuous on the rectangle R in the tx -plane and let

$$M = \max_{(t,x) \in R} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right|$$

Suppose (t_0, x_0) and (t_0, y_0) are in R and that

$$x'(t) = f(t, x(t)), \quad \text{and } x(t_0) = x_0$$

$$y'(t) = f(t, y(t)), \quad \text{and } y(t_0) = y_0$$

Then as long as $(t, x(t))$ and $(t, y(t))$ belong to R , we have

$$|x(t) - y(t)| \leq |x_0 - y_0| e^{M|t-t_0|}$$



Example 2.8.1: Continuity w.r.t. Initial Conditions

Example 2.8.1: Consider $x' = (x - 1) \cos t$. Since

$$M = \max_{(t,x) \in R} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \max_{(t,x) \in R} |\cos t| \leq 1$$

then

$$|x(t) - y(t)| \leq |x_0 - y_0| e^{|t-t_0|}, \quad \text{for all } t.$$

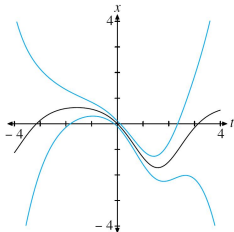


Figure 1 A solution to (8.2) with $|x(0)| \leq 0.1$ must lie between the colored curves.

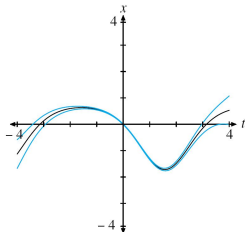


Figure 2 A solution to (8.2) with $|x(0)| \leq 0.01$ must lie between the colored curves.



Example 2.8.6: Sensitivity to Initial Conditions

Example 2.8.6: Consider $x' = x \sin x + t$.

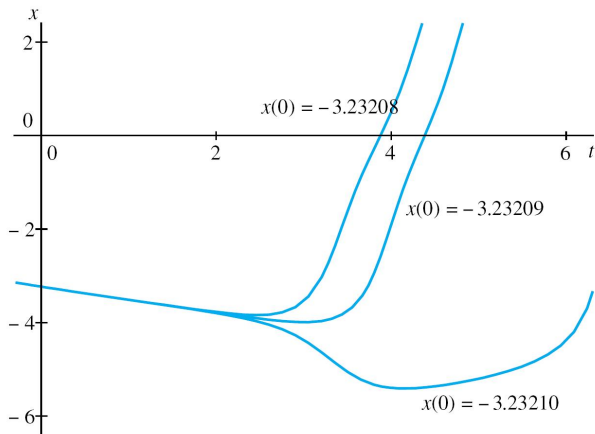


Figure 3 Sensitivity to initial conditions for solutions to $x' = x \sin(x) + t$.

