EMCF 18

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- 1. Give the smallest value of x where the derivative of $f(x) = x^4 + 8x^2 1$ is zero.
 - a. 0
 - b. 1
 - c. -1
 - d. 2
 - e. -2
 - f. None of these.
- 2. Zoom in on the graph of $f(x) = x^4 + 8x^2 1$ at the values of x below. Which of these looks like the top of a hill?
 - a. 0
 - b. 1
 - c. -1
 - d. 2
 - e. -2
 - f. None of these.
- 3. Zoom in on the graph of $f(x) = 1 8x^2 x^4$ at the points where the derivative is zero. How many of these look like the top of a hill?
 - a. 0
 - b. 1
 - c. 2
 - d. 3
 - e. 4
 - f. None of these.
- 4. Zoom in on the graph of $f(x) = 1 8x^2 x^4$ at points where the derivative is zero. How many of these look like the bottom of a valley?
 - a. 0
 - b. 1
 - c. 2
 - d. 3
 - e. 4
 - f. None of these.
- 5. The function $f(x) = 1 3x + x^3$ has a zero derivative at x = 1. Zoom in on the graph at this point and describe what you see.
 - a. Top of a hill.
 - b. Bottom of a valley.
 - c. Neither the top of a hill nor the bottom of a valley.
 - d. None of these.

- 6. Give the number of intervals within the interval [-3,5] on which the function $f(x) = 3\cos^3(2x) + x$ is increasing. **Hint:** Create a graph and count them.
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3
 - d. 4
 - e. 5
 - f. None of these.
- 7. Give the number of intervals within the interval [-1,5] on which the function

 $f(x) = |3\cos^3(2x) + x|$ is increasing. **Hint:** Create a graph and count them.

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3
- d. 4
- e. 5
- f. None of these.
- 8. Select an interval below on which $f(x) = x^4 + 8x^2 1$ is decreasing.
 - a. [-2,0]
 - b. [-2,1]
 - c. [-1,1]
 - d. [-1,2]
 - e. [0,2]
 - f. None of these.

9. Give the number of intervals on which $f(x) = 3x - x^3$ is decreasing.

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3
- d. f is never decreasing
- e. 4
- f. None of these.

10. Give an interval on which $f(x) = 3x - x^3$ is increasing.

- a. x > 1
- b. *x* < -1
- c. [-2,2]
- d. [-1,1]
- e. None of these.