## Section 2.1: Linear Equations

Definition: To solve an equation in the variable $x$ using the algebraic method is to use the rules of algebra to isolate the unknown $x$ on one side of the equation.

Definition: To solve an equation in the variable $x$ using the graphical method is to move all terms to one side of the equation and set those terms equal to $y$. Sketch the graph to find the values of $x$ where $y=0$.

Example 1: Solve each of the following equations algebraically.
a. $\frac{16}{x}=\frac{8}{7}$
b. $\frac{x-3}{2}=\frac{x}{5}$
c. $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{5}{3} x=-2$
d. $\frac{1}{4}(x+2)=\frac{5}{6} x-\frac{3}{8}$
e. $-\frac{7}{18 x}+\frac{5}{3 x}=2$

## Section 2.2: Applications

## Using Modeling to Solve Problems

Step 1: Define a variable.
Step 2: Write the equation which models the situation given.
Step 3: Solve the equation.
Step 4: Answer the question(s) posed, including appropriate units.
Example 1: The sum of two consecutive integers is 117. Find the largest of these integers.

Example 2: If the first and third of three consecutive odd integers are added, the result is 63 less than five times the second integer. Find the third integer.

Example 3: The length of a rectangular garden is 20 feet more than the width. Its perimeter is 140 feet. What are the dimensions of the garden?

Example 4: David has 27 coins, comprised of nickels, dimes and quarters. If he has twice as many dimes as nickels and 3 more quarters than he has nickels, how much money does David have in coins?

Example 5: Two sides of a triangle have the same length. The third side is 15 cm longer than each of the equal sides. The perimeter is 90 cm . What are the lengths of the sides of the triangle?

Example 6: The length of a rectangle is 6 inches more than its width. If the perimeter of the rectangle is 60 inches, find the length of the rectangle.

