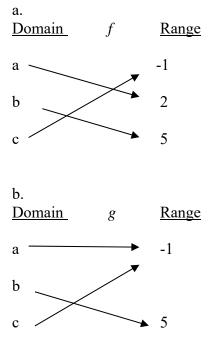
# Math 1310 Section 3.7: Inverse Functions

Let f be a function with domain A. f is said to be **one-to-one** if no two elements in A have the same image.

Example 1: Determine if the following function is one-to-one.



A one-to-one function has an inverse. The inverse function reverses whatever the first function did. These two statements mean exactly the same thing:

- 1. f is one-to-one (1-1)
- 2. f has an inverse function

The inverse of a function f is denoted by  $f^{-1}$ , read "f-inverse".

Note:  $f^{-1}(x) \neq \frac{1}{f(x)}$  like  $x^{-3} = \frac{1}{x^3}$ 

#### **Domain and Range**

Suppose f is a one-to-one function with domain A and range B. The inverse function has domain B and range A.

**Example 1:** Suppose f and g are inverse functions. If f(3) = -1 and f(-1) = 4, then find g(-1).

# **Property of Inverse Functions**

Let f and g be two functions such that  $(f \circ g)(x) = x$  for every x in the domain of g and  $(g \circ f)(x) = x$  for every x in the domain of f then f and g are inverses of each other.

Example 2: Show that the following functions are inverses of each other.

f(x) = 3x + 7 and  $g(x) = \frac{x}{3} - \frac{7}{3}$ 

**Example 3:** Determine whether the following pair of functions are inverses of each other.

f(x) = 2x - 1 and  $g(x) = \frac{x}{2} + 1$ 

### How to find the equation of the inverse function of a one-to-one function:

- 1. Replace f(x) by y.
- 2. Exchange *x* and *y*.
- 3. Solve for *y*.
- 4. Replace y by  $f^{-1}(x)$
- 5. Verify.

**Example 4:** Write the equation of the inverse function for f(x) = 3x - 3

**Example 5:** Write the equation of the inverse for  $f(x) = \frac{6}{4-x}$ 

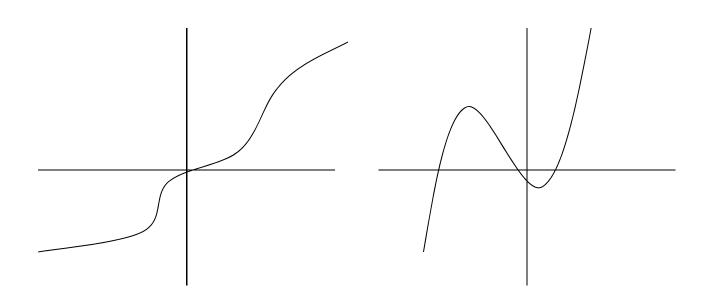
**Example 6:** Write the equation of the inverse for  $f(x) = (2x + 1)^3 + 1$ 

**Example 7:** Write the equation of the inverse for  $f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{x-4}$ 

It is easiest to determine if a function is one-to-one by looking at its graph. We can use the Horizontal Line Test to determine if a function is one-to-one.

Horizontal Line Test: A function is one-to-one if no horizontal line intersects its graph in more than one point.

Example 8: Is the following graph the graph of a function that has an inverse function?



# **Graphing the Inverse Function**

Given that f is 1-1, the graph of  $f^{-1}$  is a reflection of the graph of f about the line y = x

Remember:

- 1. The inverse function reverses whatever the first function did.
- 2. The Domain of f becomes the Range of  $f^{-1}$  and the Range of f becomes the Domain of  $f^{-1}$ .

**Example 9:** Below is the graph of *f*. Use this graph to draw the graph of its inverse function.

