## UNIVERSITY of HOUSTON

## **Department of Mathematics**

## Scientific Computing Seminar

Prof. Thomas G. Anderson Computational Applied Mathematics and Operations Research Rice University

## Fast methods and software for singular and near-singular boundary and volume integral operator evaluation

Thursday, March 28, 2024 1 PM- 2 PM Room 646 PGH

Abstract: This talk will (1) Introduce a regularization strategy for evaluating singular volume integral operators and (2) Present a new Julia project for working with boundary and volume integral equations. Volume integral operators are fundamental tools for solving volumetric problems with integral equation methods, in particular for challenging wave scattering problems in inhomogeneous media with discontinuous material properties as well as for nonlinear or time-dependent problems. Their evaluation presents a number of analytical and computational challenges including treatment of singular quadratures at every evaluation location in the domain, need for coupling to fast algorithms, etc. We will present a dimension-agnostic method that leverages Green's third identity and a local polynomial interpolant of the density function to recast the volume potential as a sum of single- and double-layer potentials and a volume integral with a regularized (bounded or smoother) integrand. The layer potentials can be accurately and efficiently evaluated everywhere in the plane by means of existing methods (e.g. the density interpolation method), while the regularized volume integral can be accurately evaluated by applying elementary quadrature rules. We present an error and stability analysis of the regularization performed by the method which provably enables high-order accurate operator evaluation with generic (e.g. Gauss) volumetric quadratures, demonstrate optimal complexity evaluation of the operators via fast algorithms like FMMs, H-matrices and the IFGF method (through integration with the recently-introduced Inti.jl Julia package), and show application to scattering problems and inhomogeneous PDEs.

This seminar is easily accessible to persons with disabilities. For more information or for assistance, please contact the Mathematics Department at 743-3500.