

PRINTABLE VERSION

Quiz 10

You scored 100 out of 100

Question 1

Your answer is CORRECT.

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

Which of the following is equivalent to

$$\frac{\sin^2(\theta) + \cos(\theta)}{\cos(\theta)}$$



$$= \frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \sec(\theta)$$

- a) ☒ $\sec(\theta)$
- b) ☐ $\cos(\theta)$
- c) ☐ $\sin^2(\theta)$
- d) ☐ $\tan(\theta)$
- e) ☐ $\sin(\theta)$
- f) ☐ None of the above.

Question 2

Your answer is CORRECT.

Which of the following statements are true?

I. $\sin(\pi/2 - x) = \cos(x)$ ✓

II. $\tan(\pi/2 - x) = \cot(x)$ ✓

III. $\cos(\pi/2 - x) = \sin(x)$ ✓

a) ☐ None of these

b) ☐ I and III only

c) ☐ II and III only

$$\sin(\pi/2 - x) = \sin(\pi/2)\cos(x) - \cos(\pi/2)\sin(x) = \cos(x)$$

$$\tan(\pi/2 - x) = \frac{\sin(\pi/2 - x)}{\cos(\pi/2 - x)} = \frac{\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} = \cot(x)$$

d) ☒ I, II, and III

e) ☐ I and II only

$$\begin{aligned} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) &= \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cos x + \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin(x) \\ &= \boxed{\sin(x)} \end{aligned}$$

Question 3

Your answer is CORRECT.

Which of the following is equivalent to

$$\frac{\tan(\theta)}{\sec(\theta)}$$

a) ☒ $\sin(\theta)$

b) ☐ $\cos(\theta)$

c) ☐ $\csc(\theta)$

d) ☐ $\frac{\sin(\theta)}{\cos^2(\theta)}$

e) ☐ $\frac{\cos^2(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)}$

f) ☐ None of the above.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\tan \theta}{\sec \theta} &= \frac{\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}}{\frac{1}{\cos \theta}} \\ &= \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{\cos \theta}{1} = \boxed{\sin \theta} \end{aligned}$$

Question 4

Your answer is CORRECT.

$$\sin(-\theta) = -\sin \theta$$

Which of the following is equivalent to $\sin(-\theta) \csc(\theta) + \cos(\theta) \sec(\theta)$?

a) ☒ 0

b) ☐ -2

c) ☐ 2

d) ☐ -1

e) ☐ 1

$$\begin{aligned} &-\sin \theta \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \right) + \cos \theta \left(\frac{1}{\cos \theta} \right) \\ &= -1 + 1 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

f) ☐ None of the above.

Question 5

Your answer is CORRECT. $\sin(-\theta) = -\sin(\theta)$

Which of the following is equivalent to $\sin^2(-\theta) + \cos^2(-\theta)$?

a) ☐ $\cos^2(\theta) - \sin^2(\theta)$

$$(-\sin(\theta))^2 = \sin^2(\theta)$$

b) ☐ 0

$$\cos(-\theta) = \cos(\theta)$$

c) ☒ 1

$$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$$

d) ☐ -1

e) ☐ $\sin^2(\theta) - \cos^2(\theta)$

$$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$$

f) ☐ None of the above.

$$\tan^2\theta + 1 = \sec^2\theta$$

$$\sec^2\theta - \tan^2\theta = 1$$

Question 6

Your answer is CORRECT.

Simplify the expression $6 \sec^2(\theta) - 6 \tan^2(\theta)$

a) ☐ 12

$$6(\sec^2\theta - \tan^2\theta)$$

b) ☐ $6 \sin(\theta)$

$$= 6(1) = 6$$

c) ☐ $6 \cos(\theta)$

d) ☐ $6\theta^2$

e) ☒ 6

Question 7

Your answer is CORRECT.

Which of the following is equivalent to

$$\tan(\theta + \pi) = \frac{\sin(\theta + \pi)}{\cos(\theta + \pi)}$$

$$\frac{1 + \tan(\theta + \pi)}{1 + \cot(\theta + 2\pi)} = \frac{1 + \tan\theta}{1 + \cot\theta}$$

a) ☐ $\sin(\theta)$

$$= \frac{\sin(\theta)\cos(\pi) + \cos(\theta)\sin(\pi)}{\cos(\theta)\cos(\pi) - \sin(\theta)\sin(\pi)} = \frac{-\sin(\theta)}{-\cos(\theta)} = \tan\theta$$

b) ☐ $\cos(\theta)$ c) ☐ $\frac{\cos(\theta) + 1}{\cos(\theta) - 1}$ d) ☐ $\sec(\theta)$ e) ☒ $\tan(\theta)$ f) ☐ None of the above.

$$\begin{aligned} \cot(\theta + 2\pi) &= \frac{\cos(\theta + 2\pi)}{\sin(\theta + 2\pi)} = \frac{\cos\theta \cos 2\pi - \sin\theta \sin 2\pi}{\sin\theta \cos 2\pi + \cos\theta \sin 2\pi} \\ &= \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} = \cot\theta \\ &= \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} = \frac{\cos\theta + \sin\theta}{\sin\theta + \cos\theta} = \frac{\cos\theta + \sin\theta}{\sin\theta + \cos\theta} = \tan(\theta) \end{aligned}$$

Question 8

Your answer is CORRECT.

$$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$$

$$\sin^2\theta = 1 - \cos^2\theta$$

Which of the following is equivalent to $(1 - \cos(\theta))(csc(\theta) + cot(\theta))$?a) ☐ $\cos(\theta)$ b) ☒ $\sin(\theta)$ c) ☐ $\tan(\theta)$ d) ☐ $\sec(\theta)$ e) ☐ $\frac{\cos(\theta) + 1}{\cos(\theta) - 1}$ f) ☐ None of the above.

$$\begin{aligned} &(1 - \cos\theta) \left(\frac{1}{\sin\theta} + \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sin\theta} + \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} - \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} - \frac{\cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta} \\ &= \frac{1 - \cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta} = \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\sin\theta} = \boxed{\sin\theta} \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$$

$$1 + \cot^2\theta = \csc^2\theta$$

$$\cos^2\theta = 1 - \sin^2\theta$$

$$\cot^2\theta = \csc^2\theta - 1$$

Question 9

Your answer is CORRECT.

Which of the following is equivalent to

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1 - \sin^2(\theta)}{\csc^2(\theta) - 1} &= \frac{\cos^2\theta}{\cot^2\theta} = \frac{\cos^2\theta}{\frac{\cos^2\theta}{\sin^2\theta}} \\ &= \frac{\cos^2\theta}{1} \cdot \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\cos^2\theta} = \boxed{\sin^2\theta} \end{aligned}$$

a) ☐ $\cos^2(\theta)$

b) ☒ $\sin^2(\theta)$

c) ☐ $\sin^4(\theta)$

d) ☐ $\cot^2(\theta)$

e) ☐ $\tan^2(\theta)$

f) ☐ None of the above.

$$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$$

$$\tan^2\theta + 1 = \sec^2\theta$$

Question 10

Your answer is CORRECT.

Which of the following is equivalent to $\tan^4(\theta) + 2\tan^2(\theta) + 1$?

a) ☐ $\cos^2(\theta)$

$$(\tan^2\theta + 1)(\tan^2\theta + 1)$$

b) ☒ $\sec^4(\theta)$

$$(\sec^2\theta)(\sec^2\theta) = \boxed{\sec^4\theta}$$

c) ☐ $\cot^2(\theta)$

d) ☐ $\sec^2(\theta)$

e) ☐ $\cos^4(\theta)$

f) ☐ None of the above.

Question 11

Your answer is CORRECT.

Which of the following is equivalent to

$$\frac{\tan(\theta) - \cot(\theta)}{\tan(\theta) + \cot(\theta)} + \cos^2(\theta) = \frac{\frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} - \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}}{\frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} + \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}} + \cos^2\theta$$

a) ☐ 1

b) ☒ $\sin^2(\theta)$

c) ☐ 0

d) ☐ $\cos^2(\theta)$

$$\frac{\frac{\sin^2\theta - \cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta \cos\theta}}{\frac{\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta \cos\theta}} + \cos^2\theta = \frac{\sin^2\theta - \cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta \cos\theta} \cdot \frac{\sin\theta \cos\theta}{1} + \cos^2\theta$$

$$= \sin^2\theta - \cos^2\theta + \cos^2\theta$$

$$= \boxed{\sin^2\theta}$$

- e) ☐ $-\sin^2(\theta)$
- f) ☐ None of the above.

Question 12

Your answer is CORRECT.

Which of the following is equivalent to

$$\frac{\tan(\theta) - \cot(\theta)}{\tan(\theta) + \cot(\theta)} + 1$$

- a) ☒ $2 \sin^2(\theta)$
- b) ☐ $2 \cos^2(\theta)$
- c) ☐ 0
- d) ☐ 1
- e) ☐ 2
- f) ☐ None of the above.

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} - \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}}{\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}} + 1 \\ & \frac{\frac{\sin^2 \theta - \cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta}}{\frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta}} + 1 \\ & \frac{\sin^2 \theta - \cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta}{1} + 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \theta - \cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta}{1} + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta &= 1 \\ \sin^2 \theta &= 1 - \cos^2 \theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sin^2 \theta - \cos^2 \theta + 1 \\ & \sin^2 \theta + [1 - \cos^2 \theta] \\ & \sin^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = \boxed{2 \sin^2 \theta} \end{aligned}$$