

**Homework 15 (5.4)**

Problem 5.4.10 refers to problem 10 in Chapter 5, Section 4 in the online text. Record your answers to all the problems in the EMCF titled “**Homework 15.**”

1. Problem 5.4.10 a

A.  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$  = the number in the interval  $[-1, 0]$ , whose cosine is  $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ;  $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

B.  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$  = the number in the interval  $[0, 1]$ , whose cosine is  $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ;  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

C.  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$  = the number in the interval  $[-\pi, 0]$ , whose cosine is  $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ;  $-\frac{5\pi}{6}$

D.  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$  = the number in the interval  $[0, \pi]$ , whose cosine is  $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ;  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

E. None of the above

2. Problem 5.4.16 b

A.  $\pi$

B.  $0$

C.  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

D.  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

E.  $-\frac{\pi}{2}$

F. None of these

3. Problem 5.4.18 a

A.  $-\frac{\pi}{4}$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

C. Undefined

D.  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$

E.  $-\frac{\pi}{6}$

F. None of these

4. Problem 5.4.18 b

A.  $\pi$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

C.  $-\pi$

D.  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

E.  $-\frac{\pi}{2}$

F. None of these

5. Problem 5.4.20 a

A.  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

C. 0

D.  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

E.  $\pi$

F. None of these

6. Problem 5.4.20 b

A.  $\frac{\pi}{6}$

B.  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

C.  $\frac{11\pi}{6}$

D.  $-\frac{\pi}{3}$

E.  $-\frac{\pi}{6}$

F. None of these

7. Problem 5.4.22 b

A.  $\frac{11\pi}{6}$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{6}$

C.  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

D.  $-\frac{\pi}{6}$

E.  $-\frac{7\pi}{6}$

F. None of these

8. Problem 5.4.26 a

A. Undefined

B.  $-\frac{\pi}{4}$

C.  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$

D.  $-\frac{3\pi}{4}$

E.  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

F. None of these

9. The range of  $f(x) = \sin^{-1}(x)$  is:

A.  $[0, \pi]$

B.  $(0, \infty)$

C.  $(-\infty, \infty)$

D.  $[-1, 1]$

E.  $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$

10. The range of  $f(x) = \tan^{-1}(x)$  is:

A.  $[0, \pi]$

B.  $[-1, 1]$

C.  $(-\infty, \infty)$

D.  $\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

E.  $(0, \infty)$

Choose the correct answer for each. Answers may be used more than once or not at all. Pay attention to the restricted domain and range.

11.  $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right) =$

A.  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

12.  $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right)\right) =$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{6}$

13.  $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)\right) =$

C.  $-\frac{\pi}{6}$

14.  $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\left(\frac{11\pi}{6}\right)\right) =$

D.  $\frac{7\pi}{6}$

15.  $\sin\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right)\right) =$

E.  $\frac{11\pi}{6}$

F. undefined