

# Math 3331 Differential Equations

## 4.6 Variation of Parameters

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## 4.6 Variation of Parameters

- Second-Order Equations and Planar Systems
- Fundamental Set of Solutions and Fundamental Matrix
- Variation of Parameters for Systems
- Particular Solution to System



# Second-Order Equations and Planar Systems

**Inhomogeneous equation:**

$$y'' + a(t)y' + b(t)y = F(t) \quad (8)$$

Homogeneous equation:

$$y'' + a(t)y' + b(t)y = 0 \quad (9)$$

Inhomogeneous system:

$$\mathbf{x}' = A(t)\mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ F(t) \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$

$$\text{where } A(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -b(t) & -a(t) \end{bmatrix}$$



# Fundamental Set of Solutions and Fundamental Matrix

Let  $y_1(t), y_2(t)$  be F.S.S for (9)

$$\Rightarrow X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} y_1(t) & y_2(t) \\ y_1'(t) & y_2'(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

is F.M. of  $\mathbf{x}' = A(t)\mathbf{x}$ , and

$$X(t)^{-1} = \frac{1}{W(t)} \begin{bmatrix} y_2'(t) & -y_2(t) \\ -y_1'(t) & y_1(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

where  $W(t) = y_1(t)y_2'(t) - y_1'(t)y_2(t)$ .

A matrix-valued function  $X(t)$  is a fundamental matrix for the system  $\mathbf{x}' = A(t)\mathbf{x}$  if and only if

$$X' = A(t)X, \quad X_0 = X(t_0) \text{ is invertible for some } t_0$$



# Variation of Parameters for Systems

Look for a solution of the form

$$x_p(t) = X(t)v(t), \quad v(t) = \begin{pmatrix} v_1(t) \\ v_2(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

Differentiating it gives

$$x_p' = X'v + Xv' = A(t)Xv + Xv' = A(t)x_p + Xv'$$

$x_p$  is to be a solution to  $x_p' = A(t)x_p + f(t)$  provided that

$$Xv' = f(t) \quad \Rightarrow \quad v' = X^{-1}f(t) \quad \Rightarrow \quad v(t) = \int X^{-1}(t)f(t)dt$$

Inserting  $v$  gives the particular solution

$$x_p(t) = X(t) \left( \int X^{-1}(t)f(t)dt \right)$$



# Variation of Parameters for Systems (cont.)

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Set } \begin{bmatrix} v_1(t) \\ v_2(t) \end{bmatrix} &= \int X(t)^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ F(t) \end{bmatrix} dt \\ \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} v_1(t) \\ v_2(t) \end{bmatrix} &= \int \begin{bmatrix} -y_2(t) \\ y_1(t) \end{bmatrix} \frac{F(t)}{W(t)} dt\end{aligned}$$

$$v_1(t) = - \int y_2(t) \frac{F(t)}{W(t)} dt$$

$$v_2(t) = \int y_1(t) \frac{F(t)}{W(t)} dt$$

(recall that  $W(t) = y_1(t)y_2'(t) - y_1'(t)y_2(t)$ )



# Particular Solution to System

Particular solution of (10):

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{x}_p(t) &= X(t) \begin{bmatrix} v_1(t) \\ v_2(t) \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} y_1(t)v_1(t) + y_2(t)v_2(t) \\ y_1'(t)v_1(t) + y_2'(t)v_2(t) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

First component is part. sol. of (8):

$$\begin{aligned} y_p(t) &= y_1(t)v_1(t) + y_2(t)v_2(t) \\ \text{where } \begin{cases} v_1(t) = - \int [y_2(t)F(t)/W(t)] dt \\ v_2(t) = \int [y_1(t)F(t)/W(t)] dt \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$



# Example

**Ex.:** Find particular solution of

$$y'' + y = \tan t$$

F.S.S. of  $y'' + y = 0$ :

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y_1(t) = \cos t \\ y_2(t) = \sin t \end{array} \right\} W(t) = \cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} v_1(t) &= - \int \sin t \tan t \, dt \\ &= \sin t - \ln |\sec t + \tan t| \end{aligned}$$

$$v_2(t) = \int \cos t \tan t \, dt = \cos t$$

$$\Rightarrow y_p(t) = - \cos t \ln |\sec t + \tan t|$$

