MATH 1314

Section 6.1, 6.2

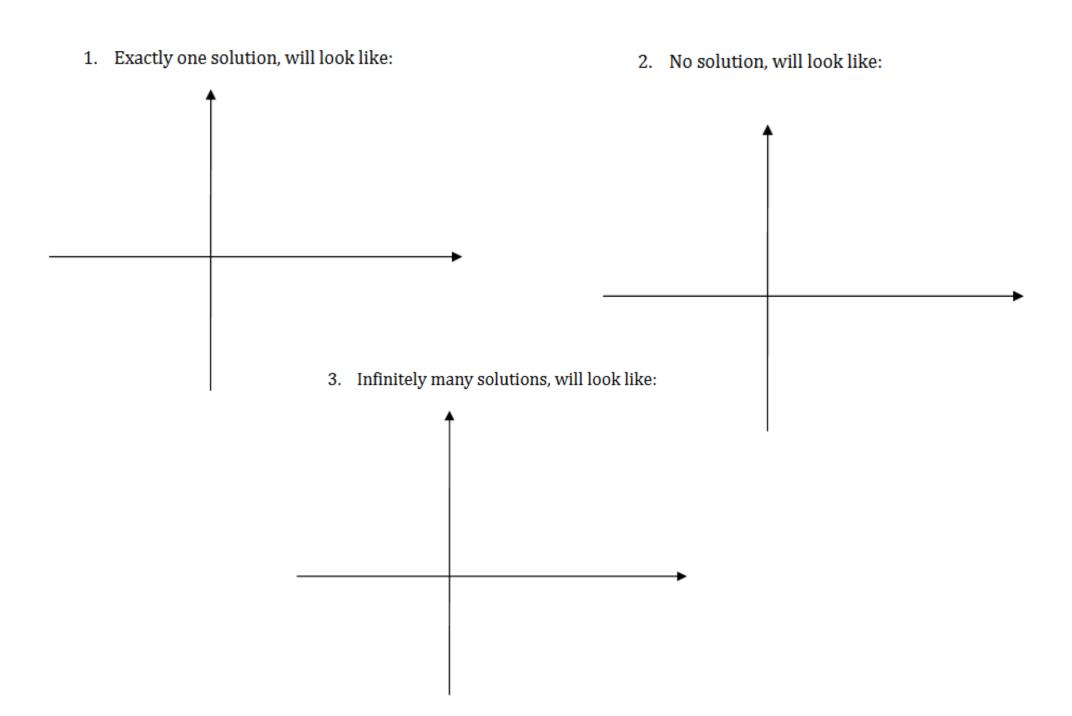
Solving 2 x 2 Linear Systems

To solve a system of two linear equations

$$\begin{cases} ax + by = c \\ dx + ey = f \end{cases}$$

means to find values for x and y that satisfy both equations.

The system will have exactly one solution, no solution, or infinitely many solutions.



Example 1: Solve the following systems of linear equations by the substitution method.

$$2x - y = 5$$
$$5x + 2y = 8$$

Example 2 : Solve the following systems of linear equations by the substitution method

$$x - 2y = 3$$
$$2x - 4y = 7$$

Example 3: Solve the following systems by the Elimination Method.

$$2x + 3y = -16$$

$$5x - 10y = 30$$

Example 4: Solve the following systems by the Elimination Method.

$$x + 4y = 10$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x + 2y = 5$$

$$x^{2} + y = 120$$

 $x^{2} - y = 80$

Application Question:

Two integers have a sum of 35. The difference when subtracting the larger from twice the smaller is 10. What are the two numbers?

A parking garage for a concert venue needs to report to the local safety board the percent of motorcycles that were parked in the garage on the night a certain event. That night, the garage sold parking passes to a total of 340 vehicles (included cars: charged \$10 each, seating 4; motorcycles: charged \$5 each, seating 1; and busses: charged \$25 each, seating 20). The parking garage earned \$3275 for selling parking tags that evening, and was able to accommodate 1355 ticket holders. What percent of vehicles parked were motorcycles?

Create an equation [Eq 1] for the total number of vehicles parked? Create an equation [Eq 2] for the total money earned by the garage? Create an equation [Eq 3] for the total number of ticket holders? Solve *Eq 3* for m.

Substitute your answer to Question 4 into Eq 1 and Eq 2 and simplify.

Solve *Eq 2* for c.

Substitute your answer to Question 6 into Eq 1 and simplify.

Solve *Eq 1* for b.

Solve for c and m.

What number should be reported to safety board, round to the nearest whole number, calculator is acceptable? (Look back at the original equation)