Math 1311

Homework 11 (Section 6.1- Section 6.5)

Record your answers to all the problems in the EMCF titled "Homework 11".

- 1. A car is driving at a constant velocity of 74 miles per hour. A perspective has been chosen so that directed distance is increasing. Since the velocity is constant, we know that directed distance is a linear function. What is the slope of that linear function?
 - a. 74 miles per hour
 - b. 37 miles per hour
 - c. -74 miles per hour
 - d. -37 miles per hour
- 2. The price P of gasoline increases to a maximum and then stays at a fixed price. What is the rate of change $\frac{dP}{dt}$ and how is it changing at the time when the price reaches a maximum?
 - a. $\frac{dP}{dt}$ is negative at the maximum and is decreasing.
 - b. $\frac{dP}{dt}$ is equal to zero at the maximum and remains the same.
 - c. $\frac{dP}{dt}$ is positive at the maximum and is decreasing.
 - d. $\frac{dP}{dt}$ is negative at the maximum and is increasing.
- 3. What is rate of change in directed distance?
 - a. Speed
 - b. Acceleration
 - c. Velocity
 - d. Displacement
- 4. When the graph of directed distance is decreasing, is the graph of velocity above or below the horizontal axis?
 - a. Below the Horizontal Axis
 - b. Above the Horizontal Axis
 - c. At the Horizontal Axis
 - d. This is not the correct answer

- 5. A graph of directed distance reaches a maximum. What is the velocity there?a. Positiveb. Negativec. Zero
- 6. A car is driving at a constant velocity of 60 miles per hour. A perspective has been chosen so that directed distance is increasing. Since velocity is constant, we know that the directed distance is a linear function. What is the slope of that linear function?
 - a. 40 miles per hourb. 50 miles per hourc. 60 miles per hourd. 70 miles per hour

d. This is not the correct answer

- 7. If from ground level we toss a rock upward with a velocity of 30 feet per second, we can use elementary physics to show that the height in feet of the rock above the ground t seconds after the toss is given by $S = 30t 16t^2$. How high does the rock go?
 - a. 18.06b. 17.06c.15.06d. 14.06
- 8. If from ground level we toss a rock upward with a velocity of 30 feet per second, we can use elementary physics to show that the height in feet of the rock above the ground t seconds after the toss is given by $S = 30t 16t^2$. When does the rock strike the ground?
 - a. 3.88 seconds after it is tossed
 - b. 2.88 seconds after it is tossed
 - c. 1.88 seconds after it is tossed
 - d. 0.88 seconds after it is tossed

9. The following table shows the cumulative number of cases of SARS (severe acute respiratory syndrome) on selected days during the outbreak in 2003. Here t is time in days since the beginning of April and N is the cumulative number of cases reported by time t.

t	19	22	24	29
N	3547	3947	4439	5642

Approximate the value of $\frac{dN}{dt}$ at t=19 using the average rate of change from t=19 to t=22.

- a. 155.55 cases per day
- b. 144.44 cases per day
- c. 133.33 cases per day
- d. 122.22 cases per day
- 10. If $\frac{df}{dx}$ has a constant value of 10, we know that f is a linear function. What is the slope of f?
 - a. 10
 - b. 20
 - c. 30
 - d. 40
- 11. Suppose f = f(x) satisfies f(3) = 8 and f(3.005) = 7.972. Estimate the value of $\frac{df}{dt}$ at x=3.
 - a. 7.6
 - b. 6.6
 - c. 5.6
 - d. 4.6
- 12. By direct calculation, estimate the value of $\frac{df}{dx}$ for $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ at x=4. Use an increment of 0.0001.
 - a. 0.01
 - b. 0.02
 - c. 0.03
 - d. 0.04

- 13. If f satisfies the equation of change $\frac{df}{dt} = 5$, then f is a linear function. What is the slope of f?
 - a. 5
 - b. 6
 - c. 7
 - d. 8
- 14. The water level in a tank rises 4 feet every minute. Write an equation of change that describes the height *H*, in feet, of the water level at time *t* in minutes.
 - a. $\frac{dH}{dt} = 3$
 - b. $\frac{dH}{dt} = 4$
 - c. $\frac{dH}{dt} = 5$
 - d. $\frac{dH}{dt} = 6$
- 15. A balloon leaks air (changes in volume) at a rate of one-third the volume per minute. Write an equation of change that describes the volume V of air in balloon at time *t* in minutes.
 - a. $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{-1}{3}V$
 - b. $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{-1}{4}V$
 - $c. \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{-1}{5}V$
 - $d. \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{-1}{6}V$
- 16. What is the common mathematical term for an equation of change?
 - a. Constant Equation
 - b. Differential Equation
 - c. Irrational Equation
 - d. None of the above

- 17. Solve the equation of change $\frac{df}{dx} = 3$ if the initial value of f is 7.
 - a. f = 4x + 8
 - b. f = 3x + 7
 - c. f = 2x + 6
 - d. f = x + 5
- 18. Find an equilibrium solution $\frac{df}{dx} = 2f 6$.
 - a. f = 2
 - b. f = 3
 - c. f = 4
 - d. f = 5
- 19. Water flows into a tank, and a certain part of it drains out through a valve. The volume v (in cubic feet) of water in the tank at time t satisfies the equation $\frac{dv}{dt} = 5 (\frac{v}{3})$. If the process continues for a long time, how much water will be in the tank?
 - a. 13 cubic feet
 - b. 14 cubic feet
 - c. 15 cubic feet
 - d. 16 cubic feet
- 20. For the equation of change $\frac{df}{dx} = 5f 7$, determine whether f is increasing or decreasing when f = 1.
 - a. Increasing
 - b. Decreasing
 - c. Stays the same
 - d. This is not the correct answer