Section 5.3b Graphs of the Tangent and Cotangent Functions

Recall:  $\tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$  so where  $\cos x = 0$ ,  $\tan x$  has an asymptote and where  $\sin x = 0$ ,  $\tan x$  has an *x*-intercept.



## How to graph $y = A \tan(Bx - C)$ :

1. The period is given by  $\frac{\pi}{B}$ . Find two consecutive asymptotes by setting Bx – C equal to  $-\frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  and then solve for x

then solve for *x*.

2. Find an *x*-intercept by taking the average of the two points on the *x*-axis where consecutive asymptotes pass.

3. Find the points on the graph  $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the way between the consecutive asymptotes. The *y*-coordinates of these points are -A and A.

**Example 1:** Describe the transformations of  $f(x) = -\tan(5x) - 3$ . Then find the period and asymptotes.

**Example 2:** Given:  $f(x) = 2 \tan \left(\frac{x}{4}\right)$ . Find the period of the function. Show the two asymptotes of the graph of the function. List one x intercept and the coordinates of two other points.

Recall:  $\cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$  so where  $\cos x = 0$ ,  $\cot x$  has an *x*- intercept and where  $\sin x = 0$ ,  $\cot x$  has an asymptote.



**How to graph**  $y = A \cot(Bx - C)$ :

1. The period is given by  $\frac{\pi}{B}$ . Find two consecutive asymptotes by setting Bx - C equal to 0 and  $\pi$  and then

solve for *x*.

2. Find an *x*-intercept by taking the average of the two points on the *x*-axis where consecutive asymptotes pass. 3. Find the points on the graph  $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the way between the consecutive asymptotes. The *y*-coordinates of these points are -A and A.

**Example 3:** Graph  $f(x) = 5 \cot(2x)$ . Find the period of the function. Show the two asymptotes of the graph of the function. List one x intercept and the coordinates of two other points.

**Example 4:** Graph  $f(x) = -2\cot\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right)$ . Find the period of the function. Show the two asymptotes of the graph of the function. List one x intercept and the coordinates of two other points.

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Extra Review for Test 3: **Example 1:** Graph  $f(x) = 3\cos(4x)$ 

**Example 2:** Given the following sine curve and the fact that point A has coordinates (6, -3), what is the equation in terms of sine function that produces this graph?

