UH - Math 4377/6308 - Dr. Heier - Fall 2010 HW 2 Due 09/08, at the beginning of class.

Use regular sheets of paper, stapled together. Don't forget to write your name on page 1.

1. (1 point) Does

 $(a_1, a_2) + (b_1, b_2) = (a_1 + b_1, a_2 + b_2)$  and  $c(a_1, a_2) = (ca_1, a_2)$ 

define a vector space structure on the 2-tuples of real numbers? Justify your answer.

**2.** (1 point) Textbook Section 1.2, Exercises 1(a)-(f). (You don't have to justify your answer–just say true or false.)

**3.** (2 points) Determine if the following subsets are subspaces.

(a)  $\{(a_1, a_2, a_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : a_1 - 3a_3 = 1\}$ (b)  $\{(a_1, a_2, a_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : a_1 - 2a_2 + a_3 = 0\}$ (c)  $\{(a_1, a_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : a_1^2 = a_2\}$ 

(d)  $\{(a_1, a_2, a_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : 2a_1 = 5a_3 \text{ and } 4a_2 = a_1 + a_3\}$ 

4. (2 points) Determine if the following subsets of the vector space of  $2 \times 2$  matrices with real entries are subspaces. You may assume as true that the set of  $2 \times 2$  matrices with real entries forms a vector space with the usual addition and scalar multiplication.

(a) 
$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & a_1 \\ a_2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} : a_1, a_2 \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$
  
(b) 
$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & a_2 \\ a_3 & a_2 \end{pmatrix} : a_1, a_2, a_3 \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

5. (2 points) A real-valued function f defined on the real line is called an *even function* if f(t) = f(-t) for each real number t. Prove that the set of even functions is a subspace with the usual addition and scalar multiplication for functions. You may assume as true that the set of real-valued functions f defined on the real line is a vector space with the usual addition and scalar multiplication for functions.

**6.** (2 points) Let  $W_1, W_2$  be two subspaces of a vector space V. Prove that the intersection  $W_1 \cap W_2$  is also a subspace of V.

7. (1 extra credit point) Let  $W_1, W_2$  be two subspaces of a vector space V. Prove that the union  $W_1 \cup W_2$  is a subspace of V if and only if  $W_2 \subseteq W_1$  or  $W_1 \subseteq W_2$ .