# UH - Math 3330 - Dr. Heier - Spring 2019 <br> HW 4 

Due Wednesday, 02/13, at the beginning of class.
Your solution may be handwritten. Use regular sized sheets of paper, stapled together.

## Do not forget to write your name on page 1.

1. (2 points) Find the order of $30 \in \mathbb{Z}_{54}$. Write down $\langle 30\rangle$. You don't need to give any proofs in your solution.
2. Let $G$ be a group.
(a) (1 point) Prove that if $G=\langle x\rangle$, then $G=\left\langle x^{-1}\right\rangle$.
(b) (1 point) Prove that if $G=\langle x\rangle$ and $G$ is infinite, then $x$ and $x^{-1}$ are the only generators of $G$.
3. Let $H, K$ be subgroups of a group $G$.
(a) (1 point) Prove that $H \cap K$ is a subgroup of $G$.
(b) (1 point) Prove that $H \cup K$ is a subgroup of $G$ if and only if $(H \subset K$ or $K \subset H)$.
4. Prove that the following sets $H$ of matrices are subgroups of $G L(2, \mathbb{R})$.
(a) (1 point) $\left\{\left(\begin{array}{ll}a & b \\ c & d\end{array}\right): a+c=1, b+d=1, a d-b c \neq 0, a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}\right\}$
(b) (1 point) $\left\{\left(\begin{array}{cc}a & b \\ -b & a\end{array}\right): a^{2}+b^{2}=1, a, b \in \mathbb{R}\right\}$
5. (2 points) Let $G$ be a group and let $H$ be a nonempty subset of $G$ such that whenever $x, y \in H$, we have $x\left(y^{-1}\right) \in H$. Prove that $H$ is a subgroup of $G$.
