## **EMCF02 - Math 1432**

The answer sheet for this assignment can be found by logging into *CourseWare* at <a href="http://www.casa.uh.edu">http://www.casa.uh.edu</a>, selecting **Math 1432(13209)**, clicking on the **EMCF** tab at the top of the page, and selecting **EMCF02**.

- 1. Evaluate  $\frac{d}{dx} \ln(x^2 + 1)$  at x = 1.
  - a. 1
  - b. 2
  - c. 4
  - d. 1/2
  - e. None of these.
- 2. Give the slope of the tangent line to the graph of  $f(x) = x \ln(3x-2)$  at x = 1.
  - a. 4
  - b. 3
  - c. 2
  - d. 1
  - e. None of these.
- 3. Give the y-intercept of the tangent line to the graph of  $f(x) = x \ln(3x-2)$  at
  - x = 1.
    - a. -2
    - b. -1
    - c. 0
    - d. 3
    - e. None of these.
- 4. Evaluate  $\frac{d}{dx}\ln(\cos(2x))$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$ .
  - a.  $2/\sqrt{3}$
  - b.  $2\sqrt{3}$
  - c.  $\sqrt{3}/2$
  - d. 1/2
  - e. None of these.
- 5. The function  $f(x) = x \ln(x^3)$  is invertible on the interval [1/2,3]. Give the slope of the tangent line to the graph of  $f^{-1}(x)$  at x = 0.
  - a. 3
  - b. 1/3
  - c. 2/3
  - d. x = 0 is not in the domain of  $f^{-1}(x)$
  - e. None of these.

6. 
$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{1}{x} dx =$$

- a. 1/2
- b. 2
- c. ln(2)
- d. 1
- e. None of these.

$$7. \quad \int_{1}^{2} \frac{x}{x^2 + 1} dx =$$

- a. ln(5/2)
- b.  $2\ln(5/2)$
- c.  $\ln\left(\sqrt{5/2}\right)$
- d. ln(2/5)
- e. None of these.

8. 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/12} \frac{\cos(2x)}{\sin(2x) + 1} dx =$$

- a.  $\ln(3/2)$
- b.  $2\ln(3/2)$
- c.  $ln(\sqrt{3/2})$
- d. ln(2/3)
- e. None of these.
- 9. The function  $f(x) = \ln(2x-1) + 3x^3 + x + 1$  is invertible. Give  $(f^{-1})'(5)$ .
  - a. -1/12
  - b. -5/12
  - c. 12
  - d. 1/12
  - e. -12
  - f. None of these.
- 10. The function  $f(x) = \ln(2x-1) + 3x^3 + x + 1$  is invertible. Give the y-intercept for the tangent line to the graph of  $f^{-1}(x)$  at x = 1.
  - a. 59/12
  - b. 47/12
  - c. 61/12
  - d. 53/12
  - e. 2
  - f. None of these.