

Test 1 Math 5331

You have **90 minutes** to complete the test. You cannot use any books, notes or calculators.

1. Let a and b be real numbers. Find all vectors y in \mathbb{R}^2 which are perpendicular to $x = (a, b)$.
2. Find all solutions of the system of equations:

$$\begin{aligned} x + y + z &= 1 \\ x - y - z &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

3. Solve over the complex numbers

$$\begin{aligned} x - iy &= 0 \\ ix + 2y &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

4. (a) Let

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 7 & 3 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find the row-echelon form \mathbf{B} of \mathbf{A} .

- (b) For which choices of A , B and C is the inhomogeneous system consistent?

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + y + 2z &= A \\ 3x + y + 4z &= B \\ 7x + 3y + 8z &= C \end{aligned}$$

5. Find the inverse of the matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & b & c \\ 0 & 1 & d & e \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & f \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

6. Prove that for any a_i, b_j , where not all a_i are 0 and not all b_j are 0, the matrix \mathbf{A} has rank 1:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1b_1 & a_1b_2 & \cdots & a_1b_n \\ a_2b_1 & a_2b_2 & \cdots & a_2b_n \\ \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots \\ a_nb_1 & a_nb_2 & \cdots & a_nb_n \end{pmatrix}$$

7. Can a linear inhomogeneous system with real entries have a solution over the field \mathbb{C} of complex numbers but not over the field \mathbb{R} of real numbers? Explain your answer.
8. Let \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} be both $n \times n$ -matrices. Prove that the product $\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{AB}$ is invertible if and only if \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} are invertible.

Hint: Use that a matrix \mathbf{C} is invertible if and only $\mathbf{C}x = 0$ has only the trivial solution.