EXERCISES FOR MATH 2331 DUE APRIL 15

(1) Find an orthogonal basis for the column space of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(2) Find a least-squares solution of $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ by (a) constructing the normal equations for $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ and (b) solving for $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$. Then (c) find the distance from $A\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ to \mathbf{b} .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2\\ 0 & -1\\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2\\ 1\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(3) Find the equation y = ax + b of the least-squares line that best fits these data points:

$$(-2,4)$$
 $(-1,2)$, $(1,0)$, $(2,0)$.

(4) Let

$$\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 3\\4\\5\\6 \end{bmatrix}, \ \mathbf{u}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\0\\-1 \end{bmatrix}, \ \mathbf{u}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \ \mathbf{u}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\-1\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Let $W = Span [\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2, \mathbf{u}_3]$. Express \mathbf{v} as the sum of a vector in W and a vector orthogonal to W.